

# STREAMBANK AND SHORELINE PROTECTION

## PRACTICE INTRODUCTION

USDA, Natural Resources Conservation Service—Practice Code 580



### STREAMBANK AND SHORELINE PROTECTION

Streambank and shoreline protection is the stabilization and protection of streambanks, constructed channels, and shorelines of lakes, reservoirs, or estuaries.

### PRACTICE INFORMATION

This practice applies to streambanks of natural or constructed channels and shorelines of lakes, reservoirs, or estuaries where they are susceptible to erosion.

The purpose(s) of this practice include:

- Preventing the loss of land or damage to land uses or other facilities adjacent to the banks
- Protecting historical, archeological, and traditional cultural properties, while accommodating the natural fluvial processes within the stream segment and shoreline reach
- Maintaining the flow or storage capacity of the water body
- Reducing the offsite or downstream effects of sediment resulting from bank erosion

- Improving or enhancing the stream corridor for fish and wildlife habitat, aesthetics, and recreation

Various materials may be used for protection of streambanks and shorelines. An extensive site assessment must be conducted to determine, among other factors, if the causes of instability are local or systemic in nature. This information is used in selecting the most appropriate treatment to achieve the desired objectives. Treatments must be functional and stable for the design flow and sustainable for higher flow conditions.

### COMMON ASSOCIATED PRACTICES

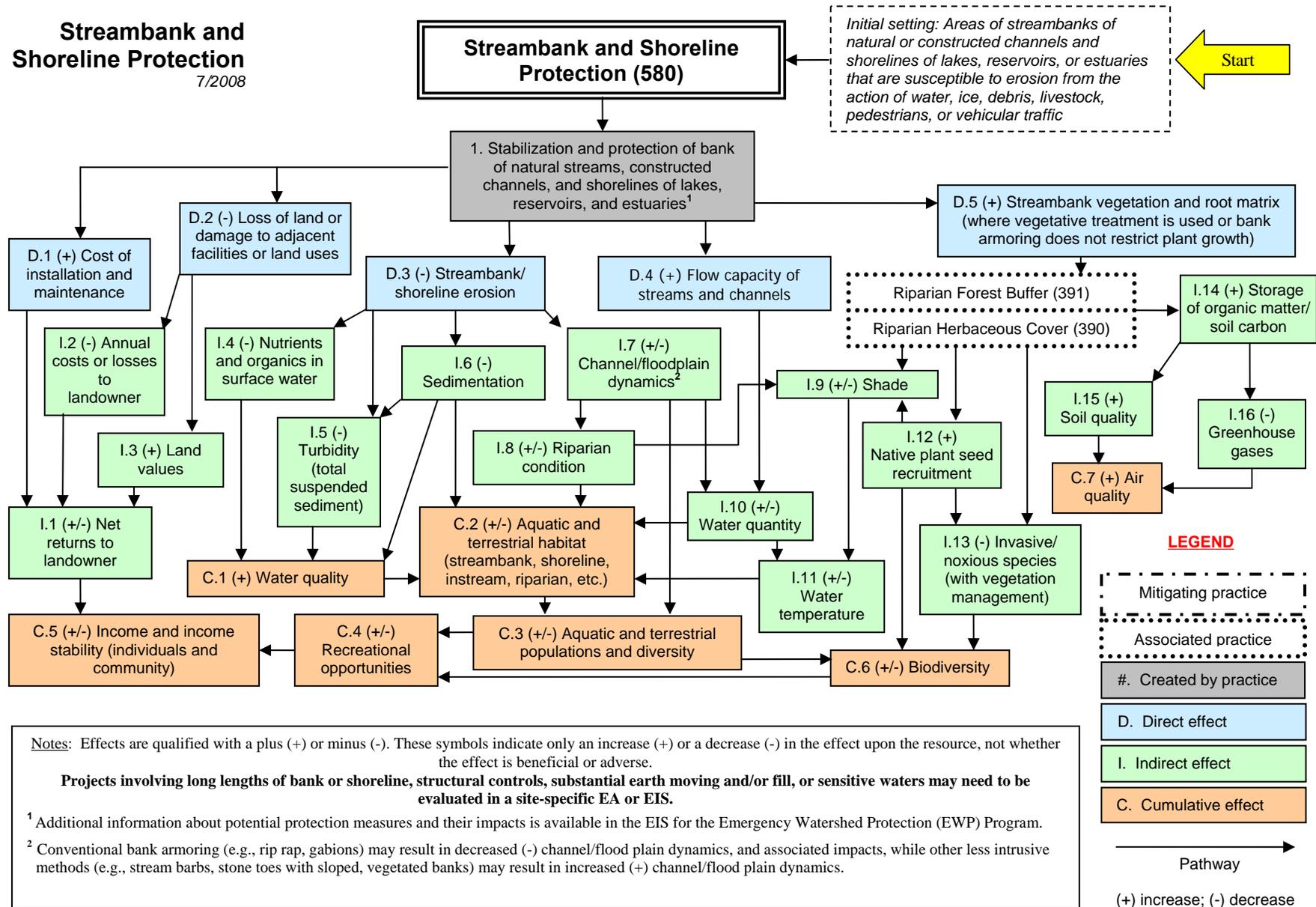
Streambank and Shoreline Protection is commonly used in a Conservation Management System with various conservation practices including Riparian Forest Buffer (391), Riparian Herbaceous Buffer (390), Critical Area Planting (342), Fish Passage (396), Pipeline (516), Fence (382), Use Exclusion (472), and Watering Facility (614).

Refer to the practice standard in the local Field Office Technical Guide and associated Job Sheets for further information.

The following page identifies the effects expected to occur when this practice is applied. These effects are subjective and somewhat dependent on variables such as climate, terrain, soil, etc. All appropriate local, State, Tribal, and Federal permits and approvals are the responsibility of the landowner and are presumed to have been obtained. Users are cautioned that these effects are estimates that may or may not apply to a specific site.

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The diagram above identifies the effects expected to occur when this practice is applied according to NRCS practice standards and specifications. These effects are subjective and somewhat dependent on variables such as climate, terrain, soil, etc. All appropriate local, State, Tribal, and Federal permits and approvals are the responsibility of the landowner and are presumed to have been obtained. All income changes are partially dependent upon market fluctuations which are independent of the conservation practices. Users are cautioned that these effects are estimates that may or may not apply to a specific site.