

Kansas Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS)

Administrative Area 1

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Area 1 includes 27 counties, 26 field offices, and 27 conservation districts.

Area Office:

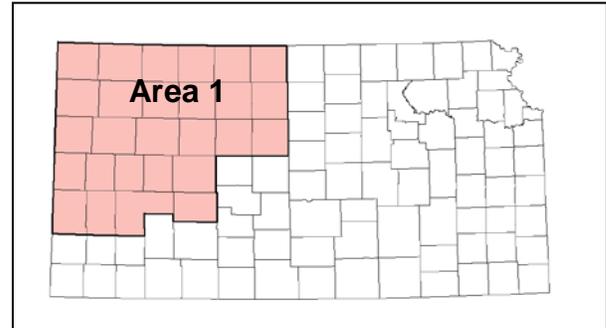
- Hays

Field Offices: 26

- Cheyenne County - St. Francis
- Decatur County - Oberlin
- Ellis County - Hays
- Finney County - Garden City
- Graham County - Hill City
- Greeley County - Tribune
- Hamilton County - Syracuse
- Hodgeman County - Jetmore
- Kearny County - Lakin
- Lane County - Dighton
- Logan County and Gove County - Oakley
- Ness County - Ness City
- Norton County - Norton
- Osborne County - Osborne
- Phillips County - Phillipsburg
- Rawlins County - Atwood
- Rooks County - Stockton
- Russell County - Russell
- Scott County - Scott City
- Sheridan County - Hoxie
- Sherman County - Goodland
- Smith County - Smith Center
- Thomas County - Colby
- Trego County - WaKeeney
- Wallace County - Sharon Springs
- Wichita County - Leoti

Partnerships:

- Conservation districts offices: 27 counties
- Kansas Department of Wildlife, Parks and Tourism: 2 wildlife biologists
- Kansas Alliance for Wetlands and Streams: 1 wetlands coordinator
- Kansas Forest Service: 2 foresters, 1 prescribed burn specialist
- Division of Conservation, Kansas Department of Agriculture: 1 technician
- Pheasants Forever: 2 biologists
- Kansas Prescribed Fire Council: 1 rangeland management specialist



Major Land Resource Areas:

- Central High Tableland
- Rolling Plains and Breaks
- Central Kansas Sandstone Hills

Major Ag Production:

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|--------------|-----------|
| • Wheat | • Sorghum |
| • Cotton | • Corn |
| • Sunflowers | • Cattle |

Major Practices:

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|--------------------------------------|-----------------|
| • Prescribed Grazing | • Terraces |
| • Residue Management | • Windbreaks |
| • Irrigation Water Management | • Pipelines |
| • Livestock Waste Facilities | • Range Seeding |
| • Upland Wildlife Habitat Management | |

Resource Concerns:

- Soil erosion occurring from cropland under continuous annual crop production
- Water quality degradation due to sediment, nutrients, and pesticides
- Water quantity concerns due to ground water depletion
- Degraded rangeland condition from overgrazing and continued drought
- Soil quality concerns due to organic matter depletion caused by excessive tillage
- Fragmentation and degradation of wildlife habitat
- Loss of wetlands (degraded wildlife habitat and reduced aquifer recharge)
- Invasive species